## CLAIMS

Please amend the presently pending claims as follows:

- 1. (Currently Amended) A method for sending a signal implementing implemented by a system comprising Nt transmit antennas, with  $Nt \ge 2$ , wherein the method implements the following steps, for at least one vector comprising N symbols to be sent:
  - dividing said vector into Nt sub-vectors, wherein the step of dividing is performed by the system;
  - multiplying each of the Nt sub-vectors by a distinct sub-matrix sized (N/Nt,N), where N/Nt is an integer, each sub-matrix being associated with one of the transmit antennas, and said sub-matrices being obtained by subdivision of a unitary square matrix sized (N,N), and wherein the step of multiplying is performed by the system; and
  - sending, from the Nt transmit antennas, the Nt sub-vectors resulting from the multiplying step.
- 2. (Cancelled)
- 3. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein N/Nt is greater than or equal to 2.
- 4. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein said unitary matrix is full.
  - 5. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein said unitary matrix belongs to the group comprising:

- real Hadamard matrices;
- complex Hadamard matrices;
- Fourier matrices;
- real rotation matrices:
- complex rotation matrices.
- 6. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein the method implements two transmitter antennas and said sub-matrices have a value of [1 1] and [1 -1].
- 7. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein the method implements two transmitter antennas and said sub-matrices have a value of  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$  and

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- 8. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein the method implements four transmitter antennas and said sub-matrices have a value of [1 1 1 1], [1 -1 1 -1], [1 1 -1 -1] and [1 -1 -1 1].
- 9. (Currently Amended) A method for reception of a signal corresponding to a combination of contributions of Nt transmit antennas, with  $Nt \ge 2$ , wherein for at least one vector comprising N symbols to be sent, the signal is generated by dividing said vector into Nt sub-vectors, multiplying each of the Nt sub-vectors by a distinct sub- matrix sized (N/Nt,N), where N/Nt is an integer, each sub-matrix being associated with one of the transmit antennas, and said sub-matrices being obtained by subdivision of a unitary square matrix sized (N,N), and sending, from the Nt transmit antennas, the Nt sub-vectors resulting from the multiplying step, wherein the signal forms, seen from a receiver, a single combined signal representing the multiplication, wherein the method of reception comprises:

implementing the method by a system comprising at least one receiver antenna;

receiving said single combined signal on each of said receiver antennas by the system;
and

decoding said single combined signal by <a href="https://decoding.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google.google

10. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 9, wherein a maximum likelihood decoding is applied to data coming from multiplication by said conjugate transpose matrix.

## 11. (Cancelled)

12. (Currently Amended) A method for sending a signal implementing implemented by a system comprising two transmit antennas, wherein the method implements the following steps, for at least one vector comprising N symbols to be sent:

dividing said vector into two sub-vectors, wherein the step of dividing is performed by the system;

multiplying each of the two sub-vectors by a distinct sub-matrix sized (N/2,N), where N/2 is an integer, each sub-matrix being associated with one of the transmit antennas, and said sub-matrices being obtained by subdivision of a unitary square matrix sized (N,N) and having a value of  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\begin{bmatrix}1 & 1 & 1 & 1\\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1\end{bmatrix}$  and  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\begin{bmatrix}1 & 1 & -1 & -1\\ 1 & -1 & 1 & 1\end{bmatrix}$ 

wherein the step of multiplying is performed by the system; and

sending, from the two transmit antennas, the two sub-vectors resulting from the multiplying step.